EVENING TELEGRAPH.

10 CENTS PER WEEK | DIXON, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 26, 1887 | NUMBER 1133

Summer Clearing Sale!

REDUCTIONS ON ALL OUR WARM WEATHER GOODS.

Lawns 3c { Former price, 5, 6 and 7 cents

Lawns 8 1/3c { Former price, 12 1-2 cents.

India Linen 12 1/2 { Former price, 15 cents

Parasols $1 { Former price 1.25, 1.50, 1.75

Parasols 1.50 { Former price 2.00, 2.50

Parasols 2.75 { Former price 4.50, 5.00

BARGAINS

S. G. AUSTIN & Co

—Is the battle over.

—"Silently stole away."

—The soldiers have departed.

—"They folded their tents like the Arabs."

—"Did you see any thing crooked in the camp?" said the officer of the day. "Nothing but Billie Roger's legs," said the sergeant.

—H. P. Seeds sends late Abilene, Kansas, papers.

—There was a very good audience at the ball grounds yesterday.

—Five hundred and fifty-eight soldiers recorded their names here at the re-union.

—Mrs. Jas. Reding, of Earlville, Iowa, is in the city visiting relatives and friends.

—Miss May Soule gives a steamboat ride this evening in honor of her friend, Miss Lou Bourne, of Amboy.

—The Rockford papers deny that there has been any sort of an epidemic in that city. The reports to that effect are slanders.

—Lulie Howell, Gracie Dysart, Sadie Hartsel, Ellen Laing, Katie Thomas and Miss Hetler attended camp meeting at Franklin Grove yesterday.

—Captain E. A. Martin and wife, of Lockport, New York, are visiting at Colonel Noble's house. Mrs. Martin is a childhood friend of Mrs. Noble.

—Her many friends will be delighted to hear that Miss Hattie Wynn, who has been dangerously ill, spent an easy night and is pronounced better to-day.

—Rev. L. M. Andrews goes this evening to attend the Rock River Association at Morrison. He will return in time to preach Sabbath morning at eleven o'clock.

—The oldest man now living is James James, a negro and citizen of the United States, who resides at Santa Rosa, Mexico. He was born near Dorchester, Souht Carolina, in 1752.

—On the large iron front doors of the steel boilers that have arrived and are being placed into the shoe factory are cast in large letters the words, "River Side Shoe Factory."

—All who attended the concert at Rodesch's Music Hall last night were exceedingly well entertained. A musical will be given to-night by the same performers, with the addition of a song by Mrs. Worthington and a violin solo by Arthur Heft. Admission free.

—The police of Dixon harvested the pickpockets in this city yesterday in fine shape and had them safely garnered in the lockup out of the cold damp streets. It is just possible that our neighbor of the Sun, who so severely criticised our ornothological joke as not being logical on the owl question, will say that you can't garner a pickpocket.

—The fourth and last assessment on the shoe factory fund is not due until the first of next month but we notice that the subscribers are paying up in a very cheerful manner. It is very desirable that the subscriptions all be paid in on or before that time that the matter may be closed up. We have reason to state that it will be for the interest of the city to have the substription paid promptly. Henderson & Co. will soon be placing in the building a large amount of machinery, at a cost exceeding the amount expended on the building.

BREAK RANKS.

SOLDIERS' REUNION CLOSED.

The boys in blue have enjoyed, they claim, one of the most successful reunions, taking it all in all, that has been held in this section of the State. Yesterday afternoon they all struck tents and departed hence for their homes. General Thomas J. Henderson arrived from his Princeton home yesterday morning and made a very pleasant talk to a goodly crowd of the ex-soldiers, and they all enjoyed his coming. He was received with rousing cheers, and his speech excited much additional enthusiasm. A. C. Bardwell also made a speech full of thought.

FAREWELL ADDRESS.

Captain John D. Carbtree, the President of the association, closed the three days exercises with appropriate words of farewell to the soldiers:

We give quite a full synopsisof Judge Crabtree's speech. Addressing his comrades, he said: When we advertised this re-union the understanding was that it was to be held for three days. This is the third day and the time is coming when we must bring our gathering to a close, and separate once more. I said to you last year at Sterling that if you would come this year to the head waters of the Hennepin canal we would do all in our power to make your stay pleasant and your welcome a cordial one. We have done what we could to carry out that promise. It is no small matter to prepare for, and carry on a re-union like this, for three days, in a town no larger than Dixon and under the auspices of a post of the G. A. R. no stronger or wealthier than the Dixon Post. But as I have said, we have done what we could, and if you have been half as glad to be here as we have been to have your presence, we are well repaid for all our efforts to make this re-union a success. And let me say this. If in the speeches or addresses made here, there has been anything calculated to give offense, if in the enthusiasm of the occasion or the circumstances, anything has been said by the speakers bordering upon politics or partisan feeling, don't hold the Grand Army of the Republic responsible for it. Place the responsibility, if any exist, upon the party or parties where it belongs, for I assure you in all sincerity, that the G. A. R. is absolutely a non-partisan organization, in which party politics are expressly prohibited by its constitution. I refere to this, only because I have heard it intimated in certain quarters, that some criticisms had been passed upon one or two of the speeches, as containing partisan sentiments and allusions not strictly appropriate to the occasion. Nothing of that kind was intended certainly by the promoters of this re-union, and I say again, if there was anything of that kind, the Grand Army is not responsible for it. Another thing: It may be that in the joy of uniting old comrades, and living over again the perilous time when they were soldiers together, fighting over the old battles and reviewing the friendships of a quarter of a century ago, some of the boys may have drank from the same canteen a time or two too often. If this be so, I ask you to put yourselves in their places before passing judgment. Think of the trials, and dangers and hardships they passed through together for the defense of your country and flag. Excuse an occasional lapse, for what they have done and suffered in behalf of this nation. Remembering their herotic achievements, let their occasional faults be viewed in the spirit of charity, and I am sure your judgment will be a lenient one.

And to you boys, let me say: If, when we get together in these reunions, you meet old comrades who were with you in the hour of trial and danger, and stood shoulder to shoulder in the war, you are tempted to take a drink together in memory of "old lang syne," let it be with temperance and moderation, and in such a way as to bring no disgrace or discredit upon the buttons or badges we wear. Let us in all the walks of life, at our reunions and elsewhere, be what we tried to be at the front, men, with all that it implies, in the highest and best sense of the term. As we upheld the flag, let us uphold our honor and the integrity of the Grand Army of the Republic. These reunions are glorious occasions. No one who has not been a soldier can fully realize the joy and gratification there is in meeting old comrades whom we have tried and found to be true in the hour of peril. To look into each other's eyes, feel the warm and hearty grip of the hand, see how time has changed our locks to silver gray and learn of one another's welfare, fighting our battles over again, and recalling the well-remembered incidents of the war in which we were mutually interested. These are the real pleasures of the reunion—the things which will linger in the memory long after the recollection of the speeches shall have passed away. Each annual reunion works another mile-stone in the journey of life; bringing us so much nearer to the end. Our heads are growing whiter, and soon we will all be gone. We shall not all meet together again. The tears came to my own eyes when the comrades came to the platform a moment ago, with his grip in his hand ready to leave; to say good by to his old commander, Col. Cheney. I saw the tears start into his eyes as he grasped the Colonel's hand, and probably the same thought was in the mind of both of them, as was in my own; that it might be their last good bye; that they might never meet again, until they assembled at the last roll-call on the other side. Comrades, let us improve these opportunities while we may. Let us all go to Morrison next year and help to make our reunion then as pleasant and enjoyable as I trust this has been to all of you. And now, with the best wishes of the people of Dixon, and all your comrades here, we bid you good bye, and God speed. May God bless you all—good bye.

Base Ball.

The poor game Wednesday kept many from the ball grounds yesterday and thus it was that they missed a fine treat. The Dixon boys played a very good game, one that would be a credit to any club. They made but three errors, yet two of those lost the game. After the fourth innings they settled down to work and the Paw Paw's then went out in one, two, three order during the balance of the game. Indeed only one of them being able to reach first base, and he was promptly caught out there by the quick work of Worthington, Brimblecom and Bob Adams. Worthington pitched a great game, striking out (that is what it is called) six of the Paw Paws. The best hit in the game was made by Brimblecom in the third innings. It was a clear three baser. McDonald's clear stop of Ed Morahn's hot grounder and the lightning throw to first showed that he is a ball player from the ground up. The play called out many fine compliments for McDonald. Bob Adams held first in great shape. Hogan caught well but failed in his efforts to throw to second. Seese played in his good natured way, and as usual was in the right place at the right time. He got a splendid home run on Paw Paw's errors in throws. He is quick to take advantage of his opponents faults. Taken altogether it was one of the best games ever played here. We understand that the managers are negotiating for two new players. The Paw Paw team also is a good one. As we have before stated the men are hard batters and splendid catchers. We are not well enough acquainted with the players to give credit to each individually, as we wish we could, for the many fine plays made by them. The umpiring by Moritz Rosenthal was very satisfactory to all, so far as we know. Certainly he gave no just cause for complaint. The following is the score by innings, the Paw Paws not playing their ninth:

Paw Paw,	0,	3,	3,	2,	0,	0,	0,	0,	—8.
Dixon,	0,	0,	1,	1,	0,	0,	1,	0,	2—5.

Hon. Will Cumback, the eloquent Indianian, who did valiant service for Blaine in 1876, is now for Sherman.—*Exchange.*

A subscriber writes: Probably after the next presidential convention he Will Cumback to Blaine.

A law was recently passed by the Ohio legislature declaring that the husband was the head of the family. Until that act is signed by all the women it will be inoperative, and even then it is likely to prove a dead letter.

—This from the Freeport Journal is not a chestnut: At Dixon the city authorities permit no bicycle or tricycle to run on any sidewalk in the city. They don't in Freeport, although it would be a good idea for the city authorities to bicycle and tricycle on the weeds that grow along the sidewalks.

—Rockford Gazette says: "John V. Eustace left yesterday for Browntown, Wis., where he will have charge of the office of Ryan & McDonald, where the office business in connection with the building of a line from Winslow to Dodgeville will take place. This town is about midway between the termini of the new road.

—The Prophetstown Spike spikes the guns of the Rock Falls News in this neat way: "Rock Falls must have taken a sudden boom. Two weeks ago we drove through the place with a friend and he counted eight or more vacant store buildings. Last week the News man made a statement that there were but two empty store buildings then in town. Glad to hear of that burg's seeming prosperity."

CONDENSED NEWS.

Mrs. John A. Logan is recovering from the effects of her recent accident.

Pension warrants to the amount of $16,253,000 were issued from the national treasury Tuesday.

The receipts of the national treasury since Aug. 1 exceed the disbursements by about $3,500,000.

The ameer of Afghanistan, who has just had a foot amputated, owing to gangrene, has been given up to die.

Petrified human remains have been found in an excavation at Walnut hill, Cincinnati, supposed to be those of giants nine feet high.

The further investigation of the Chatsworth disaster by the Illinois state railroad commissioners has been postponed until the 29th instant.

Rheinhart Stein, an aged German, living near Madison, Wis., has been sentenced to nine years in the penitentiary for incest with his four daughters.

The defalcations of Norman Roberts, the absconding Baltimore banker, reach nearly $500,000, of which almost $400,000 was stolen from the Lorman heirs.

A mass convention of citizens of Illinois in the interest of the project for a ship canal from the Mississippi river to the lakes has been called to meet at Peoria Oct. 6.

In the bicycle contest at Shields, England, Tuesday, Woodside, of Philadelphia, won the mile race from Battersby, and Temple, of Chicago, beat Wood in the two-mile race.

The postoffice at Normal, Ills., was burglarized Monday night, about $1,700 in stamps and $200 in money being taken. Two tramps have been arrested on suspicion of the crime.

A boat containing two men, three women, and four children capsized in the St. Lawrence river, near Montreal, Monday afternoon. The men saved themselves, and left the women and children to perish.

The International Stove Molders' union has resolved to demand an increase in wages ranging from 10 to 15 per cent. all over the United States and Canada. If the demand is refused, a general strike will be ordered.

The scenery, stage effects and costumes of the defunct National opera company have been sold at New York under foreclosure of chattel mortgage. The property, which originally cost over $150,000, brought only $26,103.

The South Carolina rice crop has been almost ruined by floods. The losses of the planters are enormous, and the colored plantation hands are threatened with starvation during the winter unless relieved by public charity.

The Phenix Insurance company, of Brooklyn, has elected George Sheldon vice president, to succeed William R. Crowell, and chose four directors. The board of directors voted to call upon the stockholders to make good the impairment of the company's capital. The marine department of the business will be abandoned.

J. J. Albert, a Louisville barber, had $3,000 insurance against "disability" in the Order of Chosen Friends. His hands became paralyzed so that he could no longer wield a razor, but his claim for the insurance money was denied, and he began suit to recover it. Judge Barr, of the United States circuit court, decided the case against him on the ground that his disability was not such as to prevent him from earning a livelihood.

Just received some of the best hard coal ever sold in Dixon. Buy this month and save money.

1107tf L. D. PITCHER

Dr. Pollock will hereafter be at his office, in Opera Block, every Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. d w tf

Don't trifle with any Throat or Lung Disease. If you have a Cough or Cold, or the children are threatend with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Ackers English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure, and we guarantee it. Price 10 and 50 cents. Sold by Tillson & Hayden. 980y1n2

A. F. ROBINSON sells Boots and Shoes.

PRESSED BRICK.

Having just burnt a kiln of choice pressed brick suitable for chimney tops, facing, or nice work, I will warrant the same to give satisfaction. Prices reasonable. Tile and Brick can be had at the yard near the North Dixon Depot.

1127w1 PETER RAMSEY.

BUGGIES AND HARNESS

The largest stock and lowest prices at PITCHER'S. 1014tf

PAPERING AND PAINTING.

Charles McBride is now prepared to do all kinds of carriage painting, papering, painting and decorating in good style and on short notice. 1000tf

AT NIGHT always have **Acker's Baby Soother** at hand. It is the only safe medicine yet made that will remove all infantile disorders. It contains *no Opium or Morphine*, but gives the child *natural ease from pain.* Price 25 cents Sold by Tillson & Hayden. n2

VAULT CLEANING.

The oderless vault and sink-cleaning company has headquarters at the Dixon House, on Hennepin street, where orders can be left. A new oderless apparatus.

DAVID WINFIELD,
1133-2* Manager.

FLOUR!

Buy Flour made at the Home Mill, Because it is the BEST and Because it is the CHEAPEST.

THE DIXON MILL

Never made Better Flour Than it is Making at the Present Time. The Quality, and Everything From Our Mill is Guaranteed As Represented Or Money Refunded.

FARMERS

Can always rely upon getting the

Highest Market Price For Choice Wheat!

AT OUR MILL.

DIXON MILLING CO.

FACTS

Are Stubborn Things,

A fine line of

CHOICE PERFUMES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
POCKET CUTLERY,
SHOULDER BRACES,
PATENT MEDICINES &c.

In fact Everything usually kept in a

First-Class Drug Store,

On which I can, and will save my customers from 10 to 25 per cent. *Prescriptions A Specialty.* Please give me a trial and you will be convinced

D. S. HORTON

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST

North side Main steet.

T. J. HYDE & CO.

Free Concert

TO NIGHT,

Friday Evening, August 25th,

AT

Rodesch's Music Hall

Piano Solo,	Miss Anna Adams.
Cornet Solo,	E. M. McCune.
Vocal Solo,	Miss Grace Flint.
Piano Duet,	Miss Adams, Dana Johnson.
Vocal Solo,	Miss Carrie Smith.
Cornet Duet,	Messrs McCune and Harden.
Vocal Solo,	Miss Anna Rueff.
Piano Duet,	Misses Rueff and Adams.

RODESCH'S MUSIC HALL, NO. 4, OPERA BLK.

JUST RECEIVED

Men's and Boy's

CLOTHING!

—AT THE—

HAT STORE,

JOB LOT of Men's all wool Pants

—AT—

CHARLEY'S Hat Store

VIEWS OF A SOUTHRON.

SENATOR MORGAN EXPRESSES HIMSELF ON MANY SUBJECTS.

Lamar for Vice President—A Comparison of Indians and Negroes—Sherman and Blaine Called "Dead Issues"—More Prohibition—Fusion Talk at Cincinnati—Remarks of a Socialist.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—United States Senator Morgan, of Alabama, was enjoying a quiet rest at the Grand Pacific hotel Thursday, when a reporter called upon him. The senator, in speaking of the coming national convention, said that in his opinion the time had come for the selection of a vice presidential candidate from the south. If it was not for the ultra-prohibition views of Senator Colquitt, of Georgia, he would be a strong candidate for the second place on the Democratic ticket, but Secretary Lamar was by all odds the leading southern man to-day, and the senator thought the Democrats would select him to make the race with Mr. Cleveland.

"Then you don't think there is any doubt about Mr. Cleveland's renomination?"

"Why, bless your soul, no. Who have the Democrats got to nominate but Cleveland? He is the strongest man before the country to-day. He is as sure of being the next president as I am that Alabama is one of the United States."

"Do you think Mr. Blaine will be selected by the Republicans for the next campaign?"

"No, I do not. Mr. Blaine and Mr. Sherman are dead issues. The blood-stained undergarment is no longer a factor in politics, thank God. The people are realizing more thoroughly day by day that this country was made for other people besides politicians, and they know enough to vote for their material interests instead of the most noisy political declaimer."

"This country of ours," continued the senator, "is too large for small pattern politicians. Take Birmingham, in my state, for instance. There is an iron development that seems almost miraculous, and we are drawing to our state the best men of both the north and west, who are working dilligently to develop our resources and don't care a picayune about political affinities or bloody-shirt theorists."

The senator said the building of United States war-ships on the Pacific coast was a giant stride in the right direction, and he predicted that California would turn out a vessel that would be a credit to the naval armament of any nation. He said he was the author of the bill which made it compulsory to build one of these vessels on the Pacific coast, and he was satisfied the movement was a good one and in the right direction. A great deal of nonsense had been written and published about John A. Roach and his patriotic efforts to build an American navy, but the fact was that Roach never used a pound of American iron in building an American ship. Nearly all of his iron came from Wales, and he thought America could furnish all the material necessary for war-ships. So far as the Indians were concerned, the senator said he did not think any serious trouble was to be anticipated, and he thought the difficulties among the Chippewas on the White Earth reservation were simply the result of a personal misunderstanding of the policy of Agent Sheehan, which could easily be arranged when the committee had a conference with their chiefs The senator said he did not think the time was far distant when all the Indian reservations would be opened up, and the Indians would become free-holding citizens of the United States. He did not see why the Indian would not make as good a citizen as the negro. Nobody had ever accused the Indian of being a fool, while it was a notorious fact that the negro, both from inclination and by nature, was a foolish fellow, who aped his superiors in every walk of life. He had no doubt that the Indian would make a valuable and sturdy acquisition to American citizenship.

EMPIRE STATE PROHIBITIONISTS.

Proceedings of the Convention—Probable Nominees.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 26.—In the Prohibition state convention Thursday the committee on credentials reported 918 delegates present. The committee on permanent organization reported for chairman H. Clay Bascom, of Troy. The report was adopted and Bascom took the chair and made a speech arraigning the Republican party for affiliation with the dram-shops. The chair appointed a committee on resolutions.

Mrs. Mary T. Burt, president of the W. C. T. U. of this state, was invited to the platform, and on behalf of the women of the state thanked the delegates for their labors in favor of prohibition.

After a long discussion it was agreed that the state central committee consist of three members from New York and Kings county and one from each of the other counties of the state, and the committee was then named.

The rank and file of delegates do not seem to take much interest in the selection of their state ticket, and some of them don't even know the offices to be filled. I. H. Funk is talked of for secretary of state and Col. Beecher's name is again up for attorney general. F. F. Wheeler was re-elected chairman of the state committee and W. E. Warner, of Fulton county, secretary.

The Socialist Fight Against George.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—There is small probability now of any reconciliation between the United Labor party and the Socialists. A leading Socialist said: "Every Socialist is a missionary, and a hard-working one. The Socialists will succeed in alienating from George thousands of laboring men who otherwise would vote for him. Still another direction from which George must expect an attack is from Archbishop Corrigan and the Catholic church. However much Irish workingmen may speak now in support of George and McGlynn, when the archbishop turns on the screws of clergy and church the great majority will become alarmed and drop McGlynn and George."

Alleged Fusion in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Aug. 26.—The Evening Telegram says: "The growth of the Union Labor party has been such that the Democracy of Hamilton county are very much concerned as to the result of the fall election. A plan has been suggested and is now being presented to the leaders of the two parties which it is hoped will be of advantage to both, and especially to the Democracy, from which party the plan emanates. The plan is for both parties to vote for the Union Labor legislative candidates and the Democratic county ticket, by which arrangement it is hoped both may be made happy."

He Only Spent $50.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Samuel Fabyian, who robbed his father, Dr. Fabyian, of Philadelphia, of $10,000 on Aug. 10, was arrested in this city Wednesday. All the stolen money with the exception of $50 was found in his possession.

Gaudaur Beaten by Wise.

ORILLA, Ont., Aug. 26.—Jacob Gaudaur was beaten Thursday afternoon by Wise in a sculling race by two lengths. Time, 14:02.

GASEOUS BOOM AT ST. PAUL.

Natural Gas and Petroleum Right in the City—Other Strikes.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 26.—Within the last forty-eight hours considerable excitement has been caused among business men here by the reported discovery of natural gas and oil near Fort Snelling, within the city limits of St. Paul. A stock company has been formed and steps will be taken at once to develop the product. Mr. Cross, who is interested in the matter, says he is not dead sure of finding gas and oil, but that there are better indications in sight on the tract than first showed themselves before the discoveries on Oil creek and the Allegheny river in Pennsylvania.

A representative of The United Press called on George Walsh, an attorney, who has been representing George W. Cross and others in securing the land in the vicinity of Fort Snelling. Mr. Walsh said they had secured about 400 acres of land, either by purchase or by a lease for ninety-nine years. He says there is no doubt of the existence of oil and gas on that land.

MARSHALL, Ills., Aug. 26.—Dan Tibbs, a Martinsville citizen, while digging a well on his premises Wednesday, struck oil at a depth of thirty-five feet. There is a steady flow of gas with the oil, and when lighted it burns with a steady flame. Mr. Tibbs has made arrangements to develop his mine of wealth, and Martinsville citizens are greatly excited over the find.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Aug. 26.—Another natural-gas well was opened at Herndon Wednesday, which lights up the whole town. A company has been formed to utilize it for manufacturing purposes.

RAILWAYS ASK A REHEARING.

Northern Pacific and New Orleans Pacific People Still Yearn for Land.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 26.—The secretary of the interior has received an application from the Northern Pacific Railroad company asking for a rehearing in the matter of the revocation of the order of withdrawal of its indemnity lands, so far as that revocation applies to the selections of the company already of record and to the future selections which it will hereafter have to make "in common with the rest of the world." The company takes exception to the rules laid down in the secretary's decision restricting the company's selections to the state or territory in which the losses occur, and declares that the company is entitled to losses for lands disposed of since the date of the grant of July 2, 1864. The company desires to be heard upon the question as to the construction to be placed upon the joint resolution of May 31, 1870, and asserts that it can show conclusively that the purpose of the resolution was to give additional lands and not to restrict indemnity to losses after the passage of the granting act.

The New Orleans Pacific Railway company has also applied for a rehearing upon the ground that it has not had sufficient opportunity to make its selections. Acting Secretary Muldrow will hear counsel for each of these roads in support of their applications, either orally or by briefs.

A SENSATIONAL STATEMENT

Charging Train Wrecking Directly Upon the Knights of Labor.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 26.—Between 3 and 4 o'clock on the morning of April 6, 1886, Engineer Joseph H. Fowler felt his engine leave the track near Wyandotte, Kan., and the next instant he was at death's door from the effects of bruises and scalding steam from his overturned engine. His fireman, Charles Horton, and the brakeman, William Carlisle, were lying dead under the wreck. This was the culmination of the great southwestern strike, in which the strength of the organization of the Knights of Labor was pitted against the Missouri Pacific railway system.

The second trial of George H. Hamilton, the leader of the train-wreckers, is now in progress at Wyandotte, and several of the accused have turned state's evidence. It is claimed by the prosecution that it will be conclusively proven that the whole diabolical scheme was the direct result of a preconcerted action instituted and formulated in a lodge room of the Knights of Labor. Not only is this said to be the case, but warrants are out for members who stand high in the order who are charged with murder, train-wrecking, and perjury, and conspiracy, and it is hinted that arrests will be made much farther east than the state line.

TWO MORE UNFORTUNATES.

They Die Together and Request To Be Buried Together.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—A man and woman were found dead in bed at Paige's hotel in West street Thursday morning. On a card in the room was written: "Never part us. Bury us together. Don't separate us. It is our dying wish." On the other side of the card were these words: "Avery and Jennie. Please grant that request." Avery was known about the hotel as having formerly been in the navy. He was an occasional guest there, and formerly seemed to have plenty of money. He seemed well educated. He said little about himself, but once said that his parents lived at Kingston, N. Y., and were well-to-do. He had run away from home when a boy. He had a sister in Boston. Nothing was known of the woman. The name Henrietta Wynkoop was embroidered on one of her under-garments. Avery was without money lately, and had been dunned for his bill. It is supposed that he persuaded the woman to die with him, having become discouraged. A bottle of morphia was found in the room, a part of its contents having been used in committing the double suicide.

A DEMAND FOR PROOF

MADE UPON BALFOUR BY THE FRIENDS OF IRELAND.

Gladstone Leads in the Fight, but Balfour Says They Can Not Have It—Contrasting Receptions of the Statesmen by the Crowd at the Parliament House—A Remarkable Parallel.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Gladstone, in the house of commons Thursday evening, offered a resolution setting forth that the government's action in proclaiming the Irish National league was unwise, unjust and unreasonable, and in submitting his motion, said: "The viceroy of Ireland, in declaring that the league is inciting violence, must have acted upon information. But where is the information? If the facts are withheld the opposition must urge upon the house and the government three propositions: First, it is a slight and almost an outrage on the dignity of parliament to suppose that the house was to discharge as important a statutory duty as granting its sanction to the proclamation without knowing the grounds for such action. Secondly, it reduces to utter destruction and absurdity the main condition the government advanced during the discussion of the crimes act, and the safeguard which the government promised through the operation of that act has proved to be a farce. What, he asked, was the value or meaning of the approval of parliament given in ignorance of the facts? Why not follow the course adopted by Wellington and Peel in 1829 regarding the Catholic league and suppress the National league altogether? Thirdly, he demanded to know what would the house think of information that they know would not bear the light?

He had always contended, he said, that the government was legislating against combinations apart from crime, and now was the government's time and opportunity to prove him wrong. But no, the government shrank from the test and declined the challenge. To proclaim the National league was very nearly approaching a declaration of war upon the Irish people. The government was pressing Ireland very hard, and it was evident that it was intended to work the crimes act by summary jurisdiction. He hoped the Irish people would continue to bear the pressure; they would not, he declared, have to suffer long. The people of Ireland believed that the policy of the government did not have the sanction of the British nation. The government's action showed that its strength was fading, and Ireland, seeing this, trusted that the English nation would fulfill her reasonable wishes.

Balfour said the difficulty was not in finding evidence to justify the proclamation of the league, but in selecting it from the enormous mass in possession of the government. There was sufficient justification in the columns of the local newspapers without going into the government's confidential reports. Gladstone, he said, had proclaimed the land league and imprisoned Parnell at a time when parliament was not sitting, and had not even informed any one concerned of his grounds for such action. He quoted from documents to show that the league was guilty of boycotting, coercion, intimidation, and inciting to breach of the law and violence.

Harcourt asked if the document from which Balfour quoted would be submitted to the house.

Balfour said the government declined to submit them to the house, and continued to cite instances of criminal acts on the part of the league.

Harcourt appealed to the speaker to decide whether Balfour was not bound to lay upon the table the official documents from which he cited.

The Speaker—Mr. Balfour is not bound to submit confidential documents. With official papers, which the house might want to verify, the case would be different.

Harcourt, turning to Balfour after the speaker's ruling, said he would expect the papers to be tabled.

Balfour—I shall not submit the papers. My documents are of three sorts, public, confidential and my own privates notes. If the people realized the nature and workings of the National league they would support the government regardless of creed or party.

Timothy Harrington commented severely upon the character of the documents which the government had quoted, but had refused to lay upon the table, and declared them to be utterly worthless. He asserted that the plain duty of the league was to continue its work and not shrink from the consequences.

Buchanan (Liberal-Unionist) said the government's action had been ill-timed. Balfour, he asserted, had not given a fair account of the doings of the league, which organization, from the most authentic data the house was in possession of, had been largely instrumental in reducing rents in Ireland. The English people, he said, desired that the Irish difficulty should be treated amicably.

Russell, member for South Tyrone, after remarking that Gladstone had somewhat misconstrued some of his (Russell's) statements, protested against the coercion of the league, but said that having supported the crimes bill he could not consistently deny the right of the government to the powers it demanded and secured by the passage of the act.

After remarks from T. P. O'Connor and Bradlaugh the debate was adjourned.

An enormous crowd congregated in the palace yard Thursday afternoon to await the arrival at the house of commons of Gladstone, and when the Liberal leader finally came he received an ovation fit for a king. Nor did the enthusiastic greeting of the grand old man stop here. His entrance into the house was the signal for a burst of cheering, hand-clapping, hat tossing and handkerchief-waving that lasted for several minutes. In marked contrast to the reception of Gladstone by the people assembled outside of the parliament house was that accorded by the populace to Salisbury, Churchill and Goschen. As each of these gentlemen appeared in view a storm of groans, hoots and hisses arose and increased in volume until the objects of the crowd's detestation disappeared from sight.

The scene in the house when Gladstone arose to speak was highly exciting. He was tremendously cheered at the beginning of his speech and vociferously applauded at the end, and the howls and cat-calls of the younger Tories sank into insignificance beneath the weight of the avalanche of approving cries. Gladstone was in splendid form. His voice rang out with all of its accustomed clearness and resonance, and the vigor of his gestures betokened excellent health and intense devotion to his cause.

GRATTAN AND PARNELL.

A Remarkable Parallel Betwen the Lives of the Two Men.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—A special dispatch to The New York Herald from Dublin says: Mr. E. Dwyer Gray, member of parliament, and editor of The Freeman's Journal, contributes editorially this remarkable comparison of the lives of Grattan and Parnell:

Following are striking coincidences of date and fact: Grattan was born in 1746; Parnell exactly a century later. Grattan entered the Irish parliament in 1775; Parnell took his seat in the house of commons in 1875. In 1779 was established that body led by Grattan which enabled him to achieve legislative independence, while in 1879 was founded that organization of which Parnell is leader and which bids fair to enable him also to regain legislative independence. The freedom of Dublin was presented to Grattan, and exactly a century later the same compliment was conferred on Parnell. Both were Protestants. Grattan attached himself to Fox, who visited Ireland in 1778; Parnell to Gladstone, who visited Ireland in 1878. A golden tribute from a grateful people was presented to both. Grattan bought an estate in Queen's county, the stronghold of the Parnells, but chose his home in County Wicklow, whither Charles Stewart Parnell's grandfather had migrated and also fixed his residence. In 1780 Grattan's declaration of Irish rights was fiercely attacked by the government, and so also was Parnell's programme in 1880 by means of state prosecution. Both were intended in youth for the bar, but neither had a taste for the profession. A base effort was made to implicate Grattan in the treasonable plots of his time and failed; the same remark applies to Parnell.

More Defiance of the Proclamation.

DUBLIN, Aug. 26.—The Nation advises the National league branches to continue their operations regardless of the proclamation, and declares that if the right of public meeting is denied them they must meet privately. The paper announces that it will undertake to publish the reports of all league meetings in defiance of the consequences, whatever they may be.

Death of the Austrian Giant.

VIENNA, Aug. 26.—Herr Winklemayer, the Austrian giant, is dead. He is said to have been the largest man in the empire.

Hydrophobia from a Fox Bite.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Viscount Doneraile is suffering from hydrophobia resulting from the bite of a fox last January.

OUT-OF-DOOR AMUSEMENTS.

Chicago and Detroit Both Beaten.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—It looks as though the Philadelphia League club might have something to say about the pennant this year. The Quaker City boys are third and playing such good ball that they beat the Detroit club Thursday nearly as badly as New York beat Chicago. Clarkson pitched for the champions. The percentages stand: Detroit, .611; Chicago, .586; Philadelphia, .565. League scores: At Washington City—Washington 3, Indianapolis 1; at New York—New York 9, Chicago 1; at Philadelphia—Philadelphia 8, Detroit 2; at Boston—Boston 9, Pittsburg, 8.

American association: At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 15, Metropolitan 6; at St. Louis—St. Louis 14, Baltimore 8; at Cleveland—Athletic 8, Cleveland 6.

Northwestern league: At Duluth—Duluth 8, Minneapolis 6; at Oshkosh—Oshkosh 11, Des Moines 1; at Eau Claire—Eau Claire 10, St. Paul 6.

A Polo Match in High Society.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 26.—A large and fashionable audience witnessed the first of the juvenile matches for the Cornelius Vanderbilt cup at the Polo grounds Thursday afternoon. The sides were as follows: Yellows—W. H. Vanderbilt, son of Cornelius Vanderbilt, and C. C. Baldwin, Jr. Blues—J. T. Davies, Jr., and J. A. Burden. The yellows won seventeen games and the blues one. Vanderbilt made nine goals, Baldwin eight, and Burden one.

Jay-Eye-See's Attempt.

FREEPORT, Ills., Aug. 26.—In an attempt to beat the record, Jay-Eye-See with a running mate trotted a mile at Taylor's Driving park Thursday, in 2:12¼. Horsemen generally say that it was remarkable speed considering the fact that it was the horse's first appearance on the track for some time. The day was cold and disagreeable, and the track not very fast.

Island Park Trotting Meeting.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 26.—The trotting meeting at Island park commenced Thursday. The 2:29 trot was won by Clara; best time, 2:26¼. Ilderim took first money in the 2:24 pace; best time, 2:24¼. Prince Wilkes was ahead at the end of the 2:21 trot; best time, 2:25¼, and Governor Hill took the honors in the 2:33 trot; best time, 2:26¼.

Sullivan Will Challenge the Winner.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Pat Sheedy sails on the Servia for England on Sept. 10. Sullivan will follow later. Sheedy says he is sure Kilrain will be beaten by Smith, and he (Sheedy) will be there to see it, and will then tell Kilrain that he has always called him a coward. Sullivan will be there, there, too, and will challenge the winner.

Gossip Jr. Sold for $8,000.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Gossip Jr., the famous pacer, has been sold by Mr. Fritz to W. B. Sire, owner of Harry Wilkes, for $8,000.

Coming Down on the Telephone Company.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 26.—The state officials have instituted an important suit against the Central Union Telephone company, in which the demand in favor of the state is placed at $40,000. The proceedings are begun under the statute enacted in 1881, in which it is provided that telephone companies organized outside of Indiana, but doing business in her borders, shall annually report to the auditor the gross amount of earnings, etc., and shall forfeit to the state $10 for each day such report is withheld. The company has not made any report or paid any tax for five years, and the suit is for the entire amount of the forfeiture.

Fined Stricker Ten Dollars.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 26.—Capt. Stricker, of the Cleveland Association club, was fined $10 and costs Thursday under the state law against Sunday base ball playing, after a hot argument by the attorneys on each side. The club proposes to fight the case farther.

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—AT THE—

OLD RELIABLE

CLOTHING STORE

Seersucker Coats $1.00
Coats and Vests - $1.25

COME AND SEE.

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GROCER

Of the town, and can now supply all the EARLY FRUITS AND VEGETABLES as Fast as They Come Into Market. When you want the very BEST and CHEAPEST, go to

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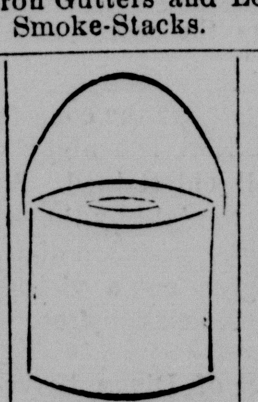
ROOFING!

Tin and Sheet Iron Roofing, Tin and Galvanized Iron Gutters and Leaders; Smoke-Stacks.

No Fancy Prices.



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Tin Ware, Milk Cans; Everything in the Copper or Sheet Iron Line. Shop at Drew's old stand.

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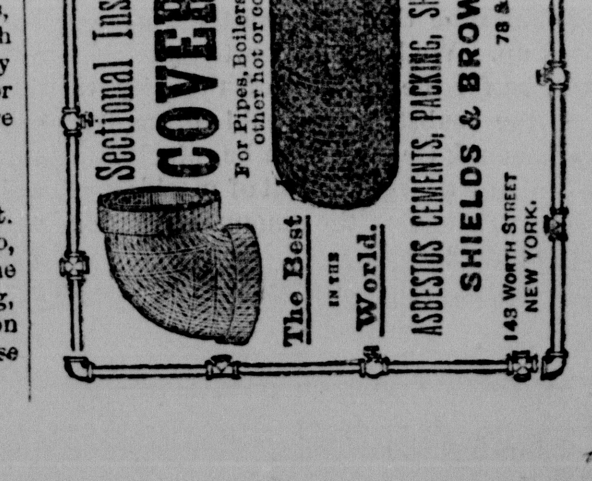


IN IMMINENT PERIL.

DEATH'S CLOSE CALL FOR MINERS IN ILL-FATED NANTICOKE.

An Underground Reservoir of Water Breaks Its Barrier, Flooding the Works—The Men Escape by the Skin of Their Teeth—Fatal Plunge of a Locomotive Through a Damaged Bridge.

NANTICOKE, Pa., Aug. 26.—Terrible excitement was caused Thursday morning in the fatal No. 1 shaft at this place by the breaking away of earth barriers that separated a worked-out portion of the colliery from the chambers where mining is in progress, and the sudden precipitation of a large body of water into a gangway where over 300 miners were at work. For a long time past a huge subterranean reservoir has been forming, containing millions of gallons of water. This underground lake was 570 feet below the surface. The chamber where the men were at work was 150 feet further down and about the same distance from the old galleries. The first intimation the men had that the mine was being flooded was the sudden appearance of water in the chambers. As it increased in depth many hurriedly quit work and rushed to the bottom of the shaft. By this time a regular exodus from all parts of the colliery set in. the miners wading through water breast high before the last of them got out. The work of rescuing the men was proceeded with promptly, the steam carriage taking up twenty at a time. All sorts of rumors were set adrift, and the mouth of the mine was crowded with anxious women and children exhibiting the usual alarm and frantic demonstrations. Luckily all were taken out safely. Ninety mules perished. Work will be suspended for an indefinite period, as the water is still running in. Had the earth fissure been wide enough to admit the whole volume of water at once not a man would have been saved.

PLUNGED INTO THE GAP.

A Brave Engineer Dies at His Post—An Old Woman's Lucky Thought.

DENVER, Colo., Aug. 26.—An accident occurred on an east-bound Union Pacific express, at Sand creek bridge, ten miles east of here, Wednesday night, resulting in the death of Engineer Masterton and the serious wounding of two or three train men. The Union Pacific and Burlington bridges cross Sand creek almost parallel and within a few feet of each other. When the engineer of the Union Pacific train, which leaves here almost thirty minutes ahead of the Burlington train, was within a few feet of the bridge he saw that the flood in the early part of the evening had washed the middle section away. The fireman jumped into the stream and stuck in the sand, whence he was taken half an hour later unconscious. He may die. Engineer Masterton reversed his engine just as it plunged into the water with a baggage-car, which fell on top of his body, burying it in the sand. His engine was completely buried in the sand. Baggageman Breedlove was badly injured by falling trunks. An old woman living near by heard the cries of the frightened people, and rushed out with a lantern and stopped the approaching express on the Burlington route within a few feet of the bridge, probably saving other lives, as the bridge of this road was also in a dangerous condition.

Man and One Child Drowned.

EXCELSIOR, Minn., Aug. 26.—Professor H. S. Widney, principal of Excelsior academy, and Lulu Haynes, a 10-year-old daughter of Henry Haynes, of Excelsior, were drowned about 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon in Lake Minnetonka. Lulu Haynes and two children of Professor Widney were playing on a raft in the marsh near Excelsior, when the frail structure went to pieces and precipitated the children into the water. Professor Widney witnessed the mishap and start to swim out, but became entangled in the weeds and was drowned. The other child was saved by a by-stander.

COLOROW WANTS A PARLEY.

The Redskins Well Posted and Not Enough Soldiers to Dislodge Them.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—The Herald's special from Denver says: A courier reached Glenwood early Thursday morning with information to Governor Adams that Colorow wanted a parley with him and had refused to deal with the officers. He says the soldiers must go back or have a fight. The Indians were intercepted by Maj. Leslie with eighty men of the Colorado cavalry, and the Utes number 200. They are in Pot Hole basin, northeast of Meeker about fifty miles. The situation is a fine one for the Indians, as they can resist an attack from more troops than have been sent against them. McAndrews, the man from Fort Duchesne who talks many dialects, has been sent out to explain to the Indians the demands of the whites that those who have violated the laws must be surrendered for trial. Governor Adams left for Meeker Thursday night to meet Colorow and endeavor to induce the Indians to leave for their reservation, where Colorow has never been for any great length of time.

Mr. Ives Could Do Anything.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The Star says that certain books of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railway are missing. They are books used during the Ives administration. One of the firm of Winslow, Lanier & Co. was asked:

"Could Mr. Ives have fairly issued and disposed of $10,000,000 of preferred stock without the books you name?"

"Ah, Mr. Ives could do anything," said the gentleman, "but he couldn't fairly do as you ask without the books that are now here."

"And you have all the books of the railroad company?"

"I can not say that, for we have not examined them all."

Too Late to Reduce the Price.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Aug. 26.—The woodcarvers of the Liberty Furniture company, 64 and 66 Oliver street, left the shop Thursday afternoon because of a reduction of an established price after the work was done. About fifty men are affected by the strike. They are members of a Knights of Labor assembly.

Gov. Bartlett Gaining Strength.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 26.—Governor Bartlett is gaining strength, and his physician now thinks there is a chance of his recovery.

A Farmer Dragged to Death.

MOWEAQUA, Ills., Aug. 26.—As Mr. William George, a weathy farmer residing west of Taylorville, was coming into town in a road-cart, his horses became frightened at some hogs along the wayside and gave a sudden turn, throwing Mr. George off the cart, his foot catching in the spring, and in this position he was dragged over a mile. He was found by some persons passing and was still alive, but most horribly mutilated, having the flesh torn from his face. He never regained consciousness, and soon died. He leaves seven motherless children. He was a member of the Edinburg Grand Army post.

The Vandalia Is Itself Again.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—The Herald's Terre Haute, Ind., special says: It has been officially announced that C. C. Waite, general manager of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad, and C. Neilson, general superintendent, whose jurisdiction was extended to the Vandalia line when Ives bought the latter road, have resigned thir positions on the latter road, as has also F. H. Short, secretary and treasurer. The Vandalia is thus restored to the old officials, Mr. McKeen, president; Col. Hill, superintendent; Mr. Farrington, secretary, and J. W. Cruft, treasurer.

Bottom of the Well Dropped Out.

MONTPELIER, Ind., Aug. 25.—A most strange thing has occurred on the farm of E. D. Higley, near Tocsin, on the Chicago & Alton railway, about twenty miles north of this place. The well had nearly gone dry—had only a few inches of water in the bottom. When he went as usual to draw water the other morning he found that the bottom had dropped out of the well. There is now a deep black hole there, which has not as yet been fathomed.

The Peoria Canal Meeting.

PEORIA, Ills., Aug. 25.—The committee having in charge the issuance of a call for a mass meeting in Peoria to express the state sentiment regarding the construction of the ship canal from the lake to the Mississippi has postponed the meeting from Oct. 6 to Oct. 11, having received advice from the southern part of the state that it could be more largely attended on the later date.

Thinks There'll Be No Strike.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 25.—P. F. Fitzpatrick, president of the Iron Molders' union, in conversation with a United Press representative Wednesday, after stating that the demand of the molders for 10 per cent. increase in wages was the result of a vote in all the unions, stated that he could "safely say that there will be no strike."

A Rascally Railway Mail Clerk.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Aug. 25.—Elliott Carpenter, a railway mail clerk running between here and Chattanooga, was arrested Wednesday night at the Union depot and locked up at Central police station on a charge of robbing the mail. Carpenter is a married man and lives at Erlanger, Ky.

Commissioner Black Reported Ill.

WEIRS, N. H., Aug. 25.—Gen. John C. Black, commissioner of pensions, is reported quite ill with inflammatory rheumatism at the residence of Hon. Stilson Hutchins. He is here as the guest of the New Hampshire veterans. Three physicians have been in attendance.

Net Earnings of the Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 25.—The Pennsylvania Railroad company's net earnings show an increase of $92,913 for July, 1887, as compared with July, 1886.

The Ticket-Commission War.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 25.—The Chicago & Alton railroad, one of the roads boycotted by the trunk lines on account of paying commissions, has began placing tickets in the hands of brokers in New York, through whom war will be waged. The Rock Island and other boycotted roads are expected to follow this example.

A Fight with Mexican Bandits.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Aug. 25.—A force of Mexican troops, police and customs officers had a lively battle on the 17th in the San Carlos mountains with a party of bandits, headed by Resendez. The bandits were routed and their mules, horses and goods which they had stolen were captured.

Finding Gold in the Grave Yards.

PANAMA, Aug. 16, via Havana, Aug. 24.—Gold has been found in the ancient native cemeteries in Cauca, and thousands of workmen have become rich by digging up the buried treasure.

Bonds Still Lower.

WASHINGTON CITY Aug. 25.—The secretary of the treasury accepted $3,138,000 of 4½ bonds offered Wednesday. The prices ranged from $1.07907 to $1.09.

The government has saved more than $300,000 in interest by the purchase of 4½ per cent. bonds.

Naval Promotion.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 25.—The president has promoted Commodore Bancroft Gherardi to be rear admiral in the navy, to take the place of Rear Admiral Franklin, retired. Rear Admiral Gherardi is at present commandant of the Brooklyn navy yard.

Back at Oak View.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 25.—The president was on hand at the railway station Wednesday afternoon, when Mrs. Cleveland arrived home, and drove her direct to their summer home at Oak View.

Man and Money Missing.

LASALLE, Ills., Aug. 25.—George L. Blanchard, an extensive dealer in flour, feed, and grain in this and several neighboring places, has closed business and left the city. A stock of about $4,000 worth of flour was purchased and removed by a creditor here. The fugitive's real estate is heavily mortgaged. The liabilities run up into the tens of thousands, with assets princially book accounts that are worth very little.

Army of West Virginia Reunion.

WHEELING, W. Va., Aug 25.—Wednesday was the second day of the eleventh reunion of the Army of West Virginia. All day trains on the various railroads were crowded with old soldiers and civilians. At 10 o'clock a. m., in the absence of Gen. Crook, president of the society, ex-President R. B. Hayes, vice president, announced the proceedings would be opened with prayer by Rev. Bolton, chaplain of the society. After prayer Mayor Seabright made the address of welcome. Several gentlemen addressed the society, among whom were ex-President Hayes. Mrs. Hayes and her daughter are among the guests.

MISS DODGE OUT ON BAIL.

The Suspected Slayer of Col. Babcock Held to the Grand Jury.

GARDNER, Ills., Aug. 25.—Miss Sarah H. Dodge, charged with the murder of Col. Walter S. Babcock, appeared before Justice Coles here Wednesday afternoon, waived examination, and gave bond in the sum of $10,000. The bond is signed by Miss Dodge herself, and by Jacob C. Lutz, Chester K. Snyder, Henry Leach, Jacob R. Gorham, and Hannah R. Dodge, and is as good as gold. This ends the famous murder case so far as Gardner is concerned. The next steps will be taken when the grand jury of Grundy county meets, on Sept. 5, at Morris, the county seat.

MISS DODGE.

Miss Dodge sat quietly and apparently calmly through the long time it took the lawyers to come and to consult. When the business was over Miss Dodge went with her lawyers to Amos Clover's house, and again secluded herself.

Big Requisition for "Eligibles."

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 26.—The civil service commission received from the secretary of war Thursday requests for the certification of 212 eligibles, all males, from which 53 selections may be made to fill vacancies now existing in his office—eight in the $1,200 grade and forty-five in the $1,000 grade. This is the largest requisition ever made upon the commission, and to fill it at least four certifications were made from each of the states and territories. These appointments are for low-grade positions made vacant by the promotion of clerks under the new rules governing promotions in the departments.

Hollingsworth Will Stay in Prison.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Aug. 26.—Capt. Patten, warden of the prison south, was fined $15 Thursday for permitting Hollingsworth to appear on the streets without a guard, in violation of the city ordinance. He pleaded guilty, but said Hollingsworth was not an escaped convict—he was a "trusty," and had a pass from the warden, and he was personally responsible for the convict's safe keeping. Hollingsworth will, however, change his clothes and remain inside the prison hereafter.

A Dastardly Chicago Coward.

CHICAGO, Aug 26.—Dayton Urich, a drunken brute who is always jealous of his wife when he is drunk, which is frequently the case, went home in that condition Thursday, and ascertaining that his wife had been out proceeded to inflict numerous stabs upon all parts of her body, one in the neck being possibly fatal. He also stabbed his mother when she interfered, and then rushed wildly into another room and slashed Henry Thompson and his wife. Then he crawled under the bed, from which the officers dragged him. Only his wife's wounds are any way serious.

The Fire in Calumet and Hecla.

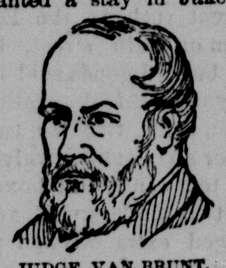
HOUGHTON, Mich., Aug. 26.—The officers of the Calumet and Hecla mine feel positive that the great fire in the mine has been extinguished, and they expect to open the shaft again Monday. J. Parke Channing, the mining engineer, who has examined the gases coming out of the shaft, corroborates the favorable opinion held by the management.

Pennsylvania Teetotal Nominees.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 26.—The Hon. Simeon B. Chase, of Easton, was nominated by the Prohibition convention by acclamation for supreme judge. Capt. D. C. Irish, of New Castle, was nominated for state treasurer by acclamation.

Boodler Sharp Gets a Respite.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—It is announced that Judge Potter has granted a stay in Jake Sharp's case. This gives Sharp a new trial on appeal to the geral term. The grounds of Judge Potter's decision are that Judge Barrett erred in the admission of some of the testimony offered by the prosecution, notably that including the testimony given by the defendant before the railway commission. This testimony was received, Judge Potter says, in violation of that principle of common law which provides that a witness shall not be called upon to give evidence against himself in any criminal case. When the news was communicated to Sharp he showed no sign of emotion, but his wife was overjoyed. The appeal will come before Chief Justice Van Brunt and Judges Daniels and Brady in October. Most of the state court officials are out of town, but those at home are surprised at the decision, while the counsel for the defense say it is sound and will be sustained.



JUDGE VAN BRUNT.

Must Put the Case in Writing.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 26.—The interstate commission has notified the parties interested in the case of the board of trade union against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company in Minnesota, to put the facts in writing in order to save time when it comes up for consideration. The commissioners state that there are now cases assigned for hearing which, if heard on testimony taken in the ordinary way, might occupy six months' time, and that a great number of others are awaiting assignment.

Ross the Barker Reprieved.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 26.—Governor Lloyd late Thursday night reprieved John Thomas Ross, the negro who was to have been hanged in Baltimore Friday, for two weeks. Unless a further postponement of the execution be made Ross will be hanged Sept. 9. The reprieve was granted on the strength of a communication sent the governor by Judge Duffy, who passed sentence on Ross.

Commissioner Atkins' View of the Case.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 26.—Indian Commissioner Atkins has received information that the Ute Chief Colorow, with about fifteen bucks, is hiding in the mount..... f Colorado to get away from the whites. Mr. Atkins thinks that these Indians are not of as much danger to the peace of the country as some of their white neighbors.

JAS. B. CHARTERS. ALVA WINGERT.

Charters & Wingert,

INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE

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Office Over Dixon National Bank Galena Street

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One door west of the Lee Co. National Bank Main Street, Dixon, has now on hand and is receiving

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Its ROAD-BED is perfection, of stone-ballasted Steel.

The North-Western is the favorite rout for the Commercial Traveler, the tourist and the Seekers after New Homes in the Golden Northwest.

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SOAP.

LADIES!

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home, with

PEERLESS DYES

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package—40 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages, or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by W. L. Foote, successor to B. B. Higgins, Druggist, Dixon, Ill. 906 905y1

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE.

The only $3 SEAMLESS Shoe in the world.

Finest Calf, perfect fit, and warranted. Congress, Button and Lace, all styles toe. As stylish and durable as those costing $5 or $6. W. L. DOUGLAS $2.50 SHOE excels the $3 Shoes advertised by other firms.

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Boys all wear the W. L. DOUGLAS $2 SHOE. If your dealer does not keep them, send your name on postal to W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

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CASTEEL 'S "Special" 5c. CIGAR

$4.00 PER 100. All Long, Stripped, Booked Havana filler. Box of 25 $1 50, $2, 100 $4. Send for sample. Liberal Reduction to ONE reliable Dealer in this place. The first time a full sized 10c. cigar has ever been put on the market FOR 5c.

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F. A. HARDY & CO.'S

TRADE $$ MARK.

PRISMOIDAL SPECTACLES

Youth's Keen and Easy Vision Restored.

These glasses are ground on a NEW PRINCIPLE, which gives the aid the eye requires without causing any strain or sense of weariness. FOR SALE BY

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JOHN HESS,

REAL ESTATE, LOAN BROKER, NOTARY PUBLIC,

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Fire, Lightning, Windstorms, Cyclone and Tornado

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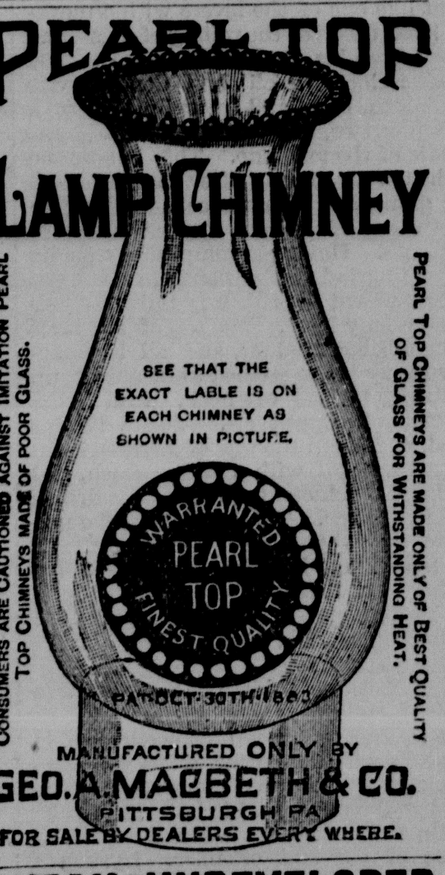
FOR SALE!

Office Main St., Dixon, Ill.

PEARL TOP LAMP CHIMNEY



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Parts of the Body Enlarged, Developed and Strengthened. Simple, harmless, sure Self-Treatment Full particulars, testimonials, etc, mailed sealed, free Address, ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

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Delivered by Carriers for Ten Cents per Week.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN R. R.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

No. 6, Atlantic Express..3:10 ............A.M. A
" 8, Clinton Ex., arrive 6:17, leave 7:02 A.M. C
" 4, Denver " ....10:52..............A.M. A
" 2, Marshalt'n Ex., ar. 2:05, leave 2:20 P.M. C

GOING WEST.

No. 5, Pacific Express.. 2:00 ............A.M. A
" 1, Marshalt'n Ex., ar. 12:25, leave 12:45 P.M. C
" 3, Denver Express ..3:42...............P.M. A
" 7, Clinton Ex., arrive 7:42, leave 7:57 P.M. C

Freight trains are allowed to carry passengers as follows:

EAST BOUND.

No. 84, 7:47 A.M., bet'wn Sterling and Turner. C
" 88, 1:52 P.M., " Clinton and Creston. C
" 74, 9:07 P.M., " " " Cortland. A

WEST BOUND.

No. 87, 5:40 A.M., between Dixon and Clinton. F
" 73, 12:45 P.M., " Cartland " " C
" 75, 3:00 P.M., " Turner and Sterling. C
" 77, 5:34 P.M., " " " " C

A Daily.
C Daily except Sunday.
F Daily except Monday.

H. E. HAND, Agent.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

GOING SOUTH.

Passenger+.............................. 11:05 A. M
Passenger+.............................. 3:15 "
New Passenger+.......................... 5:57 P. M
Freight................................. 6:00 "

GOING NORTH.

Passenger............................... 2:15 P. M
Passenger‡.............................. 1:30 A. M
New Paassenger.......................... 6:15 "
Freight................................. 6:20 "

+Daily except Sunday
‡Daily except Monday

W. C. WOOLEY, Agent.

Texas Fever at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Aug. 26.—Health Officer Stanton has notified the board of affairs that Texas fever has broken out among the cattle at Fleischman's distillery at Riverside, and that seven have died and twenty more are now sick with that disease. The board ordered a quarantine.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.

Quotations on the board of trade to-day were as follows: Wheat—No. 2 August, opened 68c nominal, closed 68¼-⅜c nominal; September, opened 68¼-⅜c, closed 68⅝-¾c; October, opened 70⅛c, closed 70⅜c. Corn—No. 2 August, opened 40⅜c nominal, closed 41c nominal; September, opened 40⅝-¾c, closed 41¼-⅜c; October, opened 41⅜c, closed 42c. Oats—No. 2 August, opened 24⅛c, closed 24⅛c nominal; September, opened 24¾c, closed 24⅞c; October, opened 25⅝c, closed 25¾c. Pork—Year, opened and closed $11.50 nominal; January, opened $12.25, closed $12.20 nominal. Lard—August, opened $6.42½ nominal, closed $6.40 nominal.

Live stock—The Union stock yards report the following range of prices: Hogs—The market opened active and steady at yesterday's closing prices; grassers, $4.00@5.00; light grades, $4.90@5.30; rough packing, $4.75@5.00; heavy packing and shipping lots, $5.00@5.35. Cattle—Best, strong; others, steady; beeves, $3.25@5.20; cows, $1.50@3.00; stockers, $2.00@3.30. Sheep—Lower; common, $2.40@3.00; medium to good, $3.40@4.00.

Produce: Butter—Fancy creamery, 26@27c per lb.; selected dairy, 18@20c; packing stock, 12@13c. Eggs—Close candled, 14@14½c per doz. Poultry—Spring chickens, 12c per lb; old hens, 9c; ducks and turkeys, $7@8c. Potatoes—Ohio, $2.35@2.60 per bbl; Illinois, $3.00@3.25 per bbl. Berries—Blackberries, $1.00@1.50 per 16-qt case; blueberries, $1.50@2.00 per 16-qt case. New apples, $1.25@2.00 per bbl.

New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.

Wheat—Steady; No. 2 red winter September, 79⅝c; do October, 80¾c. Corn—Quiet; No. 2 mixed cash, 50¾c; do September, 49⅜c; do October, 49⅛c. Oats—Quiet; No. 2 mixed September, 31¼c. Rye—Unchanged. Barley—Nominal. Pork—Dull; old mess, $15.00@15.25. Lard—$6.75, September; $6.78, October; $6.83, November.

Cattle—Nominally firm at yesterday's prices; dressed beef firmer; common and best native sides, 6½@8c ℔ lb; Texas do, 5¾@6¼c. To-day's Liverpool cable quotes American refrigerator beef at 7¾c ℔ lb and dull. Sheep—Trifle firmer for good sheep; easier for lambs; sheep, $3.50@5.25 ℔ 100 lbs; lambs, $5.25@7.12½. Hogs—Steady; live hogs, $5.60@5.90 ℔ 100 lbs; choice pigs, 6.00@6.25.

Old Fashioned Tooth Pulling.

I remember having a tooth pulled once by the old doctor. His wife seated herself in a chair, and placed me on the floor with my head clasped between her knees. Then the doctor brought out his turnkey—which was constructed somewhat like one of the levers with a movable hook used for the rolling of logs—and fished from his pocket an old bandana handkerchief, which had done service for mouth, nose, and perspiration for a month or two, and wadded it about the handle of the machine. This bundle he pushed in my mouth, after having lanced the gums, and commenced working to get the end of the hook under the edge of the tooth. Having accomplished this, he began to grind on the handle, and at the same moment the old lady tightened her grasp on my head. The top of my head seemed being pried off, and all the marrow in my bones seemed to be pulled up in strings toward my neck. Crack! the instrument slipped off. Again it was fixed, and again the top of my head was turned upward with a violent crash, and again the reluctant marrow was drawn out in strings. Three times did the machine slip; the fourth trial was made, the top of my head was wrenched entirely off, and the marrow in my system, my boots, bones, and all, appeared to be drawn up with a terrific pull, and the molar was extracted.

I pocketed the tooth, he pocketed a shilling, and then I left.

It was not an uncommon occurrence in those days for the doctor, when trying to locate his hook beyond the space filled by the handkerchief, to hitch on the wrong tooth, and to jerk out a sound grinder in place of the real offender. In such a case the sufferer took it all good naturedly, and underwent with such endurance as he could the correction of the blunder.—"Poliuto" in Chicago Times.

PERCEPTION OF THE BLIND.

A Sort of "Sixth Sense," Resulting from the Union of Hearing and Touch.

The question is often asked: By what means does a person unable to see find his way from place to place, or know when to turn a corner, or even keep on the sidewalk, etc.? That some such power is possessed, to a greater or less degree, by most blind people, is well known; but just what it is or how far it may be carried, few understand; and even among those using it, to whom it is a matter of course, a simple everyday experience, few, if any, have succeeded in analyzing it satisfactorily. Though the faculty is as difficult to explain clearly to those not gifted with it as would be the perception of the difference in colors or as sight itself to the blind, I will try to give some little idea of it for the benefit of those wishing to learn for themselves or others.

It does not consist, as is sometimes fancied, in the skillful use of a cane or the exact memory of distances, though these are minor aids. It results from the union of hearing and the sense of touch, both trained to extraordinary delicacy and habituated to unusual services, coming to form a sort of "sixth sense," as instinctive, instantaneous and trustworthy in its activity as any of the familiar five. To illustrate: If you walk rapidly along a quiet street, listening carefully to your footsteps, you will notice that the solid buildings and walls close to the sidewalk give back a distinct echo, which instantly ceases at the openings and crossings. This to the blind is equivalent to light and shadow, and is in its crudest beginnings the first element in the "sixth sense" above mentioned. Again, if you walk slowly, in the dark, up against a wall or closed door, you will feel, just before striking it, upon the delicate nerves of the exposed portion of the face a slight sensation like that which might be produced by an infinitely fine and light gossamer veil. It is caused by the increased compression or resistance of the elastic air when forced up against one solid body by the approach of another.

Repeat the experiment, and you find that the same thing is noticeable at a greater distance than at first. This is the germ of the second element already spoken of. These two perceptions, blended into one consciousness and trained to perfection by long years of practice, enable one to become aware at a considerable distance of any obstacle in his path, to determine the size and approximate shape of objects he is passing, to tell the height of a wall without touching it; in short, to take cognizance of any and all landmarks necessary in making his way or finding a given locality.

This faculty, based upon simple though generally unfamiliar natural laws, is, in some of its many forms of application, the source of most of the seemingly remarkable feats performed by sightless persons in this connection; and it is with them so habitually in use, so much a part of daily life, that its exercise is instinctive and unconscious, and the blind scarcely realize that others employ a different process to arrive at the same results. It is susceptible of almost immeasurable development. The writer has known a number besides himself who could count the shade trees when riding at full gallop along the middle of the street; tell the difference between a close or open fence, the distance of buildings from roadways, etc. The position of corners, gateways and the like are much more easily learned. In walking everything is of course much nearer, and the difficulty is greatly diminished. So every change in sidewalk or fence, every inequality beneath the feet or smallest post by the wayside, is a guide, as definite and trustworthy as are buildings or signboards to him who sees.—Edward B. Perry in The Century.

Life on a Sheep Ranch.

The life of the average "wool king" of southern California is sufficiently monotonous. His sorry tenement of unplaned and unpainted boards generally stands stark and alone in the edge of the live oak timber, looking out over the great, naked sweltering mesa or treeless valley. It consists of two or three rooms (sometimes only one); plenty of interstices between the boards, no ceiling overhead, unless it may be, perhaps, a sheet of unbleached muslin, which bellies and falls in the wind, that has abundant entrance, or sags under the swift pit a pat of a rat scudding across it.

The proprietor is generally either a city dweller, living much of his time in San Francisco or the local town (California is threatened with the evil of absenteeism to an extent scarcely less than Ireland); or else he is a bachelor, perforce, for women are extremely averse to this anchorite life. Or he may, after the custom of the country, have taken unto himself a wife from some of the blue blooded but penniless Spanish families, whose vast ranch some of his "perfidious" countrymen have either purchased, or, not seldom—painful to relate—acquired by superior skill and coolness at the monte table.—Stephen Powers in Outing.

A Far Seeing Little Hostess.

Omaha Mamma—Now, dear, you must invite one of your little friends in to share your candy.

Little Dot—I—I guess I'll invite Lucy.

"Well, that will be nice."

"Yes, candy makes her tooth ache an' she never eats much."—Omaha World.

She Never Lived.

The woman who would be by her husband adored
And ne'er be refused a new hat,
Who'd always allow him to have the last word
Whene'er they engaged in a spat—
Ah! could such a wife be possessed by a man
His pathway through life she'd illumine,
But alack for the world! since creation began
There never has been such a woman.
—Boston Courier.

TALES OF DOGS.

At 4 o'clock the other morning a London police constable found three boys lying asleep in a disused ropeyard in Southwark. A large mongrel terrier was lying on the boys, who were all fast asleep. The dog was at once coverlet and guardian, and when the constable approached his attitude became so menacing that the boys had to be wakened before the officer dared approach them.

Pope, a theatrical dog, soon to appear in a new play, created a sensation in the barroom of the Fifth Avenue hotel in New York recently. He walked in, went straight to the bar, put his great paws on it and took a drink from a cut glass tumbler which the barkeeper held out to him. It was pure water and the dog lapped it with great gusto. When he had drained every drop and licked the glass dry he got down again and sauntered leisurely around the room.

Raz found an old gas meter in the alley, and he wasn't ten minutes finding two yards of string and a dog. He tied the "unblushing voiceless liar" to the string and then tied the other end of the string to the dog's tail. It was a city dog, and instead of lighting out with it at the rate of a mile in three minutes, he looked at Raz, turned around, took a mournful look at the meter, saw the disgrace attached to him, and fell over on top of it—dead. Raz went home disappointed.—Exchange.

A St. Paul man has a pet dog of which he is very proud. One evening recently, when the gentleman was returning home, he saw the dog emerge from the shadow of a neighbor's fence with a hen in his mouth. The dog deposited the fowl in a secluded spot and then went after the house cat, which it seized by the neck and dragged to the feast. Without going through the formality of asking grace, the dog tore the chicken to pieces and helped the cat to some of the choicest scraps.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

A Philadelphia milkman tells a queer story of two dogs. "Every morning," he says, "as I pass the corner of Twenty-fifth street and Ridge avenue, two dogs rush out and accompany my wagon from that point all over my route, returning with me until that corner is reached, and there leaving me. I have stopped and watched to see if I could discover where they went, but except that they tore down Twenty-fifth street, I learned nothing. The thing has been going on now for several weeks, and it is the more odd because several other milk wagons pass that corner every day, and yet the dogs always wait for mine. I have never given them any encouragement to accompany me, and I can't understand it; but every morning, as my team approaches the junction of the streets named, there they are, waiting on the sidewalk, and they never fail to fall in and follow me."

ENJOY LIFE

What a truly beautiful world we live in! Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and thousands of means of enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worn out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof, that *Green's August Flower*, will make them free from disease, as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint are the direct causes of seventy-five per cent. of such maladies as Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation of the heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of *August Flower* will prove its woderful effect. Sample bottles, 10 cents. Try it.

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EXCHANGE SAMPLE ROOM.

Great rush to the Exchange Sample Room on Main street, Dixon, Ill. Ph. Best bottled goods sold in the reach of everyone. Prices as follows: One bottle fifteen cents, two for twenty-five cents; six for sixty cents, twelve for one dollar and ten cents, full boxes, twenty-four, for two dollars. Boxes and bottles charged extra. When returned proper credit will be given each party. Best of Liquors and Wines both Domestic and Imported will be sold below the lowest. Come and give me a trial. Delivered free to any part of the city.

E. GARDNER, Prop.

LEW PRESTON, Manager.

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THE REASON why Acker's Blood Elixir is warranted, is because it is the best Blood Preparation known. It will positively cure all Blood Diseases, purifies the whole system, and thoroughly builds up the constitution. Remember, we guarantee it. Sold by Tillson & Hayden. n2

Chronic Coughs and Colds

And all disease of the Throat and Lungs, can be cured by the use of SCOTT'S EMULSION, as it contains the healing virtues of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in their fullest form. Is a beautiful creamy Emulsion, palatable as milk, easily digested, and can be taken by the most delicate. Please read: "I consider Scott's Emulsion the remedy par-excellence in Tuberculous and Strumous Affections, to say nothing of ordinary colds and throat troubles."—W. R. S. CONNELL, M. D., Manchester, O.

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OLD and reliable Medicines are the best to depend upon. Acker's Blood Elixir has been prescribed for years for all impurities of the Blood. In every form of Scrofulous, Syphilitic or Mercurial diseases, it is invaluable. For Rheumatism, has no equal. Sold by Tillson & Hayden. n2

Hayden Bro's. will deliver the purest quality of ice in any quantity to any part of the city. Orders left at George Laing's feed store will have prompt attention.

IF YOU would enjoy your dinner and are prevented by Dyspepsia, use Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. They are a positive cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. We guarantee them. 25 and 50 cents. Sold by Tillson & Hayden. n2

DIXON, ILL., Aug. 16, 1887.

Mr. Hoke:—I am using your Electric Medicated Belt for weakness, which is a great help to me. I can recommend the belt as a good remedy.

HENRY E. MILLER, Palmyra.

Mr. Hoke:—The Electric Belt I bought of you for my mother was a great success. She has been a sufferer from Rheumatic pains for several years, and also from a severe numbness in the arms. After she used it one week the pain and numbness disapeared, and she is well satisfied with the results.

JOSEPH R. MORRILL, Dixon, Ill.

DIXON, ILL., Aug. 19, 1887.

Mr. Hoke:—The Electric Belt that I purchased of you for my mother has helped her a great deal. She has been suffering from Rheumatic pains for some time, and has found nothing to relieve the pain equal to it. She is highly pleased with the results. A. HENNESSY, of Hennessy & Reilly, druggists, Dixon.

C. U. Hoke:—I am using your Electric Medicated Belt for Lumbago, with good success.

G. W. BRUNER,
Farmer, near Dixon, Ill.

There are three sizes of these belts; $3, $4, and $5. For sale by druggists, also by E. B. Baker, J. P. Ladies can call on Mrs E. B. Baker. John R. Miller, wholesale agent, Sterling Ills. Main office, C. U. Hoke, Reading, Pa.

SAVE MONEY.

You can save money by buying Real Estate from John M. Julien. Don't wait for the big boom. Buy now, while town lots are selling cheap. JOHN M. JULIEN. 108tf

FOR SALE.

FARM for sale. Seventy-two acres at sixty-two dollars per acre, in good order, or rent; two and one-half miles west of Dixon, on township road. For particulars see J. H. ANDERSON.

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Hardware and Stove Trimmings, Lamps, Gas Fixtures, Harness Trimmings, Revolvers &c Nickel Plated, Polished or Bronzed. Facilities for large work. Polishing and all Kinds of Plating Spinning, Casting &c.

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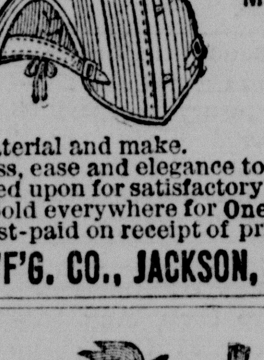
FOR **Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia.**

It *cools the Blood;* it gives delight:
It sharpens up the appetite.
It *aids the Liver* to do its part,
And stimulates the feebled heart.
All *Bilious* agonies endured,
By **TARRANTS'S SELTZER** can be cured.

Duplex Corset



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Gives suppleness, ease and elegance to the form.
Can be depended upon for satisfactory service.
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Sample sent post-paid on receipt of price.

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12 Cabinets & 1 Panel, $2

Guaranteed to be as good as the best at any price.

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Finest Studio in the World! Cloudy Days Good as Sunshine!

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By handling only the

BEST COAL

As Free From Slate, Etc., as Possible and selling as LOW as Anyone, I hope to be favored with your orders, and WILL

Guarantee Satisfaction

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Main Office now at the

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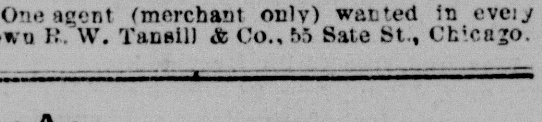
Between Depots,
DIXON, ILL.

L. D. PITCHER.



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